

Saturday, 28 January 2023

PAPER 1 : 10.30 AM - 12.00 PM (1 hour 30 minutes)

All The Best!

## Please answer all 30 MCQ questions:

- 1. Which of the following is not the weakness of GDP?
  - A. It does not measure the total output of the economy
  - B. It does not take into consideration income inequality
  - C. It does not consider human well being and welfare
  - D. It is only a measure of consumption
- 2. Which of the following instrument is generally negatively correlated with stocks?
  - A. Futures/derivatives
  - B. Government bond
  - C. Corporate paper/debt instruments
  - D. Fixed deposit
- **3.** All prices in the economy has increased by 8% and your income has grown by 4%. What is the impact to your real income?
  - A. Remains the same
  - B. Insufficient information to determine
  - C. 12%
  - D. 4%
- **4.** The price and quantity of a commodity is explained by the following:
  - A. Price discrimination
  - B. Law of Demand
  - C. Inflation
  - D. Monetary transmission
- **5.** Which of the following methodology is commonly used to measure income inequality
  - A. Kolmogorov-Smirnov
  - B. Big Mac Index
  - C. Gini coefficient
  - D. Chi-squared
- 6. Which of the following methodology is used to measure purchase power parity
  - A. Big Mac Index
  - B. Gini coefficient
  - C. Chi-squared
  - D. Durbin-Watson

- 7. A person is called "economically inactive" when the person:
  - A. Unemployed but actively looking for job opportunities
  - B. Student who also has the capability to work
  - C. A fulltime housewife
  - D. A retiree
- **8.** If the demand of a good is inelastic, an increase in its price will cause the total expenditure by the customers on the good to be:
  - A. Increase
  - B. Decrease
  - C. Remains the same
  - D. Insufficient information to determine
- 9. It is common for a motor insurance/takaful contract to stipulate a minimum amount of loss before a customer is eligible to claim which is commonly known as "deductible", this is to ensure that the customer has a 'skin in the game'. What is the underlying concept that explain such practice?
  - A. Game Theory
  - B. Reverse Game Theory
  - C. Utility Theory
  - D. Contract Theory
- **10.** In optimizing its profitability, some companies tend to price their products high until a competitor enters into the market. This pricing mechanism is also sometime called
  - as "riding down the demand curve". What pricing strategy is this?
    - A. Penetration pricing
    - B. Skimming pricing
    - C. Economy pricing
    - D. Psychological pricing
- **11.** An ecosystem is deemed as achieving the "Nash Equilibrium" when the following situation happens:
  - A. One of the players has a more superior strategy that can be opted to increase its pay off
  - B. None of the players has possible strategy to increase the pay off
  - C. When all players follow a certain mechanism to obtain each player's objective
  - D. When one or more players exited the game

- **12.** When a price floor is set above the equilibrium price, the following situation will occur:
  - A. New equilibrium level is achieved
  - B. Surplus
  - C. Shortage
  - D. Insufficient information to determine
- **13.** Which of the following Nobel Prize Laureate contributed to the development of knowledge in the space of Mechanism Design?
  - A. Eric Maskin
  - B. Ben Bernanke
  - C. John Nash
  - D. Richard Thaler
- **14.** Assuming that public transport is an inferior goods, what will happen to the demand on the public transport when the income on the consumer decreases.
  - A. Decrease
  - B. Increase
  - C. Remains the same
  - D. Insufficient information to determine
- **15.** Which of the following best describe the concept of *Liquidity Trap?* 
  - A. A customer can not withdraw money from the Bank because of liquidity crisis
  - B. A person having physical asset but very limited cash in hand to meet liquidity needs
  - C. Situation where the interest rate is too low that people prefer to hold cash
  - D. A person having too much debt and unable to service the monthly payment to the bank
- **16.** Which are the following is not the typical role of a central bank?
  - A. Managing the monetary policy
  - B. Lender of last resort
  - C. Ensuring the financial stability of the banking system
  - D. Determine the tax rate
- 17. Which of the following instruments has the highest volatility?
  - A. Treasury bill
  - B. Fixed deposit
  - C. Listed shares
  - D. Unlisted shares

18. How many Nash Equilibrium is available in the following Game?

		Player 1	Player 1	
		Left	Right	
Player 2	Up	(40, 10)	(20,5)	
	Down	(10, 5)	(5, 20)	

- A. 4
- B. 2
- C. 1
- D. No Nash Equilibrium
- **19.** A bond that matures 5 year from now has a face value of RM1000. Assuming that today is the start of the tenure, what is the current price if the interest is 5%?
  - A. RM1000 \* (1+5%)<sup>5</sup>
  - B. RM1000 / [(1.05)<sup>5</sup>]
  - C. RM1000 \* 5% \*5
  - D. Insufficient information to determine as the risk free rate is not available.
- **20.** Situation where the share price increase sharply arising from investors covering their short positions is called:
  - A. Long squeeze
  - B. Short squeeze
  - C. Liquidity gap
  - D. Financial distress
- 21. Which of the following taxation would naturally reduce the income inequality?
  - A. Progressive tax
  - B. Regressive tax
  - C. Proportional tax
  - D. Flat rate income tax
- **22.** The following components are generally included in the pricing of a loan/financing, except for:
  - A. Credit loss cost
  - B. Liquidity cost
  - C. Cost of capital
  - D. Risk free rate
- **23.** The following are the components of the Porter's 5 Forces, except for:
  - A. Power of suppliers
  - B. Power of buyers
  - C. Power of government
  - D. Competition in the industry

- **24.** Physiological needs, safety needs, love & belonging, esteem and self actualization are components of:
  - A. Maslow Hierarchy of Needs
  - B. Herzberg's Dual Factor Theory
  - C. McClelland's Acquired Needs Theory
  - D. None of the above
- 25. Which of the following statement reflects the concept of "Dutch Auction"?
  - A. Auctioneer starts with the lowest price, winner will be determined by the highest bid provided
  - B. Auctioneer starts with a very high price, and lowering down the price until somebody places a bid
  - C. Bid is placed secretly by each bidder. The highest bidder shall win the bid
  - D. There is no such thing as "Dutch Auction", the only bidding approach is called the "English Auction"
- **26.** When an airline company changes the pricing of a flight ticket based on the seat type, time of the flight and number of remaining seats, the airline is likely to apply the following pricing strategy:
  - A. Premium pricing
  - B. Dynamic pricing
  - C. High low pricing
  - D. Cost plus pricing
- 27. Which of the following is/are not known as "Broad Money"?
  - i. M1
  - ii. M2
  - iii. M3
  - iv. M4
  - A. M1 & M2
  - B. M3 & M4
  - C. M1 only
  - D. M1, M2 and M3
- **28.** "ESG Investing" is a concept that applied by some companies to determine which investments to participate. This approach also encourages the investors to act responsibly to non-financial aspects such as human rights and operating environment. ESG stands for:
  - A. Environmental, Social and Government
  - B. Environmental, Society and Governance
  - C. Environmental, Social and Governance
  - D. Entity, Social and Government

- **29.** The general standard of living of nation can be increased by increasing the following:
  - A. Production
  - B. Supply of credit
  - C. Subsidy from the government
  - D. Exports

**30.** Which of the following statement is not reflective of "Perfect Competition"?

- A. There is no barrier to enter and exit the market
- B. The price of goods in a perfect competition market is stable as the price is controlled by the government
- C. There are many buyers and sellers in the market
- D. The items sold are generally similar in nature, a customer can freely choose the service provider

- End of Questions -